

WHEN SCHOOL IS OUT ALONG  
CENTRAL GRAND AVENUE.

Pictures of Many Bright Youngsters  
in To-Morrow's Sunday Republic.

See the beautiful original poster in one of the  
Coke street windows, Republic building.

NINETY-THIRD YEAR.

ST. LOUIS, MO., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1900.

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PRICE (In St. Louis, One Cent.  
Outside of St. Louis, Two Cents.  
On Trains, Three Cents.)

## DEATH FIGHT ON TOP OF MOVING PASSENGER TRAIN

Two Men, Beating Their Way to Chicago, Struggled on the  
Roof of a Coach—One was Shot and the Wounded Man  
Pushed His Assailant From the Car, Causing Him to Be  
Fatally Injured—Both at St. Mary's Hospital,  
East St. Louis.

On the top of a swiftly moving passenger train, the Chicago and Alton Railroad, one-half mile beyond the Delray Depot, East St. Louis, last night, William Burke, formerly an employee of the Southern Hotel, and a man whose identity has not been established fought a battle to the death.

The fact that the train was moving at the rate of fifty miles an hour did not deter the combatants, although it well may be the death of the unidentified man, who was pushed from the roof of the coach by Burke, after he had shot him in the chest. Burke was now in St. Mary's Hospital in East St. Louis, where he was taken last night. Burke will recover from his wound.

Burke and the other man boarded the C. & A. train at the Delray Depot in East St. Louis at 8:30 last night, according to Burke, after they had secured positions on top of one of the passenger coaches. The other man asked Burke for his money, Burke refused to give him any, and the fight began. Burke was now in St. Mary's Hospital in East St. Louis, where he was taken last night. Burke will recover from his wound.

They struggled desperately for an advantage. Burke showed great fortitude under the circumstances. Turning his full strength into the conflict he slowly worked his antagonist around. He pushed him towards the edge of the coach. As he did so the foot of the man slipped and with a wild cry he fell over the side of the swiftly moving coach into the dark blackness below.

At the bridge junction Burke managed to attract the attention of the train conductor. He was weak from loss of blood and the danger he had passed through. An ambulance was telephoned for and the body of the other man was found along the side of the track. His head was crushed in and he was injured internally.

Both he and Burke were placed on cots and taken to St. Mary's Hospital in East St. Louis. Burke did not know the name of his assailant and nothing on his person indicated his identity.

The train was the Palace Express, which left Union Station at 9 o'clock and is due to arrive at Chicago at 7:15 this morning.



Mr. Indian Summer: "Excuse me, Old Probabilities, but I'll run this weather business awhile."

## BELIEVE IT WAS PLOT TO OBTAIN MILLIONS.

New York Authorities Hope to Get to the Bottom of Rice Case  
—Patrick and Jones Held.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

New York, Oct. 5.—To obtain possession of the vast estate of the late William Marsh Rice of Texas and New York, possibly murdered, was the motive, according to New York authorities, for the plot to obtain millions.

Two men, Albert T. Patrick, who was counsel to the aged millionaire, and Charles F. Jones, his valet and secretary, were held in jail of \$10,000 each to-day and will have a hearing next Monday, when it is expected the case will be sent to the grand jury. They are charged with the forgery of a check for \$1,000,000, and with the attempt to obtain possession of the estate of the late William Marsh Rice.

With such a motive as is furnished by an opportunity to seize a fortune valued at not less than \$10,000,000, and possibly \$100,000,000, it is not difficult to create a theory of foul play.

In this remarkable case, the police are confident that a murder has been committed, but that this cannot be told until the chemist, Rudolph A. Wittmann, has completed his analysis of the body of the deceased. The authorities expect at least one of those concerned in the crime to give evidence against his associates cannot be considered. What Patrick and Jones saw in the case was not a fortune to be made.

Doctor Jones was summoned too late.

One of the most remarkable features of this mysterious case is the fact that the body of the deceased has been in the hands of the police for at least an hour before his secretary, Jones, saw it to summon his physician.

The letter, in which Walker Curry, a representative of the city, in an interview today, said that he received a summons from Jones, who said that his employer seemed to be in a very bad way. Jones immediately responded, and was taken to the hospital. The police are now waiting for the results of the autopsy.

Patrick and Jones Arraigned.

Nervous and disheveled, after a night at police headquarters, Patrick and Jones were arraigned before Judge Sutherland in the Criminal Court today. Patrick was charged with the forgery of a check for \$1,000,000, and with the attempt to obtain possession of the estate of the late William Marsh Rice.

upon the old man. Some days I visited him as many as three times.

Millionaire Rice's Last Day.

I saw Mr. Rice alone for the last time Sunday morning, the day of his death. About 10 o'clock Jones came for me, saying that the old man was not feeling well and wanted to see me. When I called, I found Mr. Rice alone, and he told me that he was expecting to die that night.

"I had nothing to do with ordering the embalming," Mr. Rice said, "and when I died, I was alone. After the police arrived, I told them that I was alone, and that I was expecting to die that night."

There is one peculiarity about the two men, Patrick and Jones, that is worth noting. The police are now waiting for the results of the autopsy.

Registration Seems to Assure Democratic Success in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 5.—The registration in Louisville shows a total of 8,225, with an increase over last year. This is an increase over last year. This is an increase over last year.

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## LEADING TOPICS —IN— TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

For Missouri—Generally fair Saturday. Sunday, colder, except fair in extreme southern portion; south-easterly winds.

For Illinois—Fair in southern, showers in northern portion Saturday evening or night. Sunday, showers and cooler, except in extreme southern portion; fresh southerly winds.

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1. Death Fight on Top of Moving Passenger Train.

One Train Will End Chandler's Career. Believed It Was a Plot to Obtain Millions.

2. Railroad Operators Grant Increase. Russian Cruiser Escaped Chinese.

3. Wisconsin Boys Win First Prize at the Exposition. Minister Arrives to Join a New Church.

4. Paid One Hundred Dollars for a Wife. The Railroad.

5. Results at Race Tracks. Baseball Games.

6. Flight Renewed on Saloon License.

7. Church News and Sunday Services.

8. Editorial.

9. Events in Society.

10. Closing Day of St. Louis Fair. Notes About Books.

11. Republic Want Ads.

12. Republic Want Ads. New Corporations.

13. Grain and Produce. Financial Notes.

14. Beauty and a Pickle Man. Elmer Felt as Peace-maker.

15. Reviews of Trade.

YOUTSEY CASE GOES TO TRIAL.

All Efforts of Defense for Continuance Were Futile.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 5.—When the Youthsey case was called to-day in the Circuit Court, the list of witnesses that the Sheriff of Breathitt County had failed to summon was called, but no witness appeared, though the returns showed that all had been summoned since Wednesday.

Mr. Crawford reported that the Sheriff of Breathitt County had failed to summon any witnesses, and that the case was ready for trial.

The Commonwealth insisted on trial and the judge ordered the regular panel of jurors to be called. Judge Nelson moved to discharge the defendant, because the indictment filed in this county was only a copy.

This motion was overruled. A motion for postponement was then filed and overruled. A motion for continuance was then filed and overruled.

The defense insisted on its right to have returns on its summons for Knox County witnesses, but Judge Cantrell directed that the selection of a jury begin.

The examination of jurors as to their qualifications to serve was continued until the regular panel of thirty men was exhausted and only three men had been accepted. These three are subject to peremptory challenge from either side. A special venire of fifty men was ordered for tomorrow at 9 o'clock.

WHOLE FAMILY FOR BRYAN.

Twenty Relatives of Grocer Fleck Tire of McKinleyism.

Here is the substance of a letter received yesterday by Chairman Jump of the National Democratic Committee of Commercial Travelers from Mr. Fleck of the grocery firm of Fleck & Brunard, No. 513 South Ewing avenue.

"There are twenty-one voters among my immediate relatives. Of these, twenty voted for McKinley in 1896. This fall every one of the twenty-one will vote for Bryan, and none of them is afraid to have this fact published to the world."

## STRIKERS ATTACK LATTIMER MINERS.

Assault With Stones and Rocks. Men Returning From the Mines.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 5.—At quitting time to-night an attack was made on the mine workers employed in the Lattimer mines. About fifty of the men, while being conveyed to their homes at Hazleton in a railroad car drawn by a mine engine, were attacked by about 200 strikers.

Stones and rocks were thrown at the men in the car, and two of the women were severely cut about the head.

Shirley Harvey, who was on the car, ordered the engine to stop, and as he and a few deputies stepped from the coach the attacking party scattered in all directions.

Nearly all the individual operators to-day made announcement of their willingness to grant the increase, and notice to this effect will, it is expected, be posted at the various independent collieries to-morrow.

Some have already been posted.

It is fully believed that the few operators who have not yet expressed their intention on the subject will fall in line with others and grant the increase.

According to some of the operators, powder will be sold to the miners at \$1.50 per barrel, instead of \$2.25 as heretofore charged, but this reduction will be taken into consideration in figuring the net 9 per cent increase. No other concessions to the strikers have been offered, and the strikers have been openly declared by some of the officials of the big companies that no further concessions will be granted.

THE STRIKE CONTINUES.

The individual operators delayed announcing their willingness to grant the increase pending the report of a committee sent by them to New York to endeavor to secure some concessions from the carrying roads. The committee was unsuccessful and so reported, and the operators, feeling that further opposition to the big companies was useless, decided to follow their lead and grant the advance.

It is the general opinion that a great majority of the striking mine workers will accept the offer and return to work, but they express determination to wait the decision of President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers.

Mr. Mitchell will give no indication of his probable action in the matter, beyond his repeated assertion that the men themselves must decide in convention all questions bearing on a settlement of the differences with the operators. He, however, would not state when such convention will be called by him.

The officials believe that he will wait until every operator expresses a willingness to grant an increase. Meantime, arrangements are proceeding for strikers' rallies and mass meetings at Shenandoah to-morrow and at Scranton next Wednesday, even made.

STRUCK FOR LOWER WAGES.

Union Miners in Kentucky Wanted Recognition and Got It.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 5.—The striking miners at Baskett went on strike for recognition of the union, carrying with it a reduction of the rate of wages.

T. C. Blair, former owner of the coal mines, never recognized the union, but paid wages averaging 3 cents more than the union schedule. The union has been recognized and the Pittsburgh scale signed. This is probably the first strike for lower wages.

DAWSON TO BE RESPECTABLE.

Gambling and Kindred Evils Are to Be Closed Down.

Vancouver, British Columbia, Oct. 5.—The officials of Dawson City, acting upon instructions from the administration at Ottawa, have decided that gambling and kindred evils must be closed down at once.

## RUSSIAN CRUISER ESCAPED CHINESE.

Celestial Fleet Endeavored to Engage Warship in Formosa Strait.

London, Oct. 6, 4:45 a. m.—It is reported in St. Petersburg, according to the correspondent of the Times at the Russian capital, that the Chinese fleet in Formosa Strait attempted to engage the Russian cruiser Rurik, but the latter's speed frustrated the plan.

The correspondent says it is probable that the allies' squadrons will force the Chinese fleet to capitulate or will destroy it.

It is considered highly probable that the Imperial fleet, dated September 20, ordering the cruiser to be removed to St. Petersburg, was being towed to the famine at Taku.

They also express the opinion that the degradation of Chinese percentages of high rank is nearly to reach time and to enable China to be in a better position to defy the Powers, as the new capital will be virtually inaccessible from the coast.

"The German troops have no means of transport and are being housed severely and the Chinese Government would be, therefore, quite unable to follow them."

He says that the Chinese firmly believe in the assistance of a Russian-German agreement, under which Russia will take all the territory north of the Great Wall and Germany the provinces of Chih-li and Shan-tung.

The Times representative at Shanghai says:

"It is believed here that highly inflammatory editorials are being issued secretly and that the recent public edicts are only intended to hoodwink the Powers."

AMERICAN ALLEGED DEMANDS.

London, Oct. 4, 4 a. m.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following, sent by its Washington correspondent:

"The United States Government has proposed to the Powers to insist that Prince Tuan be beheaded; that the Emperor be induced to go to Peking to form a Government of progressiveness, under the support of European bayonets, and that the Empress Dowager be deposed."

Even the Daily Chronicle admits that it finds considerable difficulty in believing this report.

FIRE ON EACH OTHER.

Russians and French Exchanged Shots at Shan-Hi-Kwan.

Rome, Oct. 5.—The Tribune publishes a dispatch from Taku, dated October 4, which, after confirming early reports of the anti-bell behavior of the Borsaglieri Italian force of 200 on the attack on the Shan-Hi-Kwan forts, says that a mistake occurred between the Russians and the French, who fired on each other in the belief that they were assaulting the Boxers, and that several were killed and wounded on each side.

BRITISH ABANDON WEST RIVER.

Foreigners Now Compelled to Rely on the Chinese.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Hong-Kong, Thursday, Oct. 4.—(Copyright, 1900, by the New York Herald Company.)—Owing to restrictive regulations and unfavorable treatment, British shipping companies have abandoned the West River trade and sold their vessels for the Yangtze River, leaving the river ports dependent on Chinese launches in the event of a rising.

Two roughly constructed beach boats which were landing stores at Hong-Kong have received hurried orders to proceed to Canton.

ITALY'S STRANGE PROTEST.

"Excessive Liberty Granted to Anarchists in United States."

Paris, Oct. 6.—A Journal publishes a dispatch from its Rome correspondent, saying that the Italian Government has sent to Washington a protest against the "excessive liberty" accorded to anarchists in the United States.

## ONE TRUST WILL END CAREER OF CHANDLER.

New Hampshire Senator Declares That He Is Marked for Defeat.

LEGISLATION IS PENDING.

Railroad Corporations Are Not Pleased at the Veteran's Attitude.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Concord, N. H., Oct. 5.—The Railroad Trust declares that William E. Chandler shall not be returned to the Senate, and the Senator admits the chances are six to one against him.

"On the pretext that I am a silver man," Senator Chandler says, "the Railroad Trust proscribes to the people of New Hampshire that I am not to be relied upon to help maintain a sound currency."

"I am an avowed blue-tailist. I believe silver should become, under proper restrictions and by international agreement, a standard part of our currency. I oppose the free and unlimited coinage of silver."

"Into the Republican State platform, after midnight, was shyly interpolated a unique plank, providing arbitrarily against any attempt to re-establish silver as a standard money. The agents of the Railroad Trust, who spread the statement, Chandler can stand on this plank; he is a silver man."

"The Republican State Committee, of which Senator Chandler is chairman, under the direction of the committee, has invaded nearly every town in the State, and has selected men for the Legislature who can be relied upon to vote against me. These men are promised money and perquisites to use in their campaign."

"We regard the invasion of our State by the great railroad trust with alarm. Give these men arbitrary power and no man, be he Democrat or Republican, can receive recognition in New Hampshire unless he wears the collar of a powerful and insolent corporation."

"To the Democrats of New Hampshire I have no right to appeal. The re-election of forty political defectors of their party which I have labored to bring about, would enable them to elect one of their own to the position of the present session before them, they vote with these free passers in their party, and they are the ones who are willing to hang his free pass upon his breast and rise in his seat and vote with his badge of servitude in plain sight of the world."

HARVARD PRESIDENT AGAINST MCKINLEY.

Boston, Oct. 5.—President Eliot of Harvard will not vote for the re-election of President McKinley next month, but he is not yet ready to say whether he will support Bryan.

This statement was made to-night by President George F. Washburn at a meeting of the Bryan Club.

Mr. Washburn has been in correspondence with President Eliot, but the latter has not yet consented to join the club. Mr. Washburn said, however, that a large percentage of Harvard professors, who four years ago supported McKinley, would this year vote for Bryan.

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It is Given Out That There Is a Movement on Foot to Throw Ziegenhein To-Day.

Meeting Held at Tom Niedringhaus's Office at St. Louis Stamping Company's Plant—Lasted Until 2 O'Clock A. M.

At a secret caucus held at the office of the St. Louis Stamping Company at Second street and Cass avenue last night, which lasted until 2 o'clock this morning, the slate for the Republican city nominating convention to-day was given up.

No information was fixed out as to the result of the meeting and every effort was made to keep even the fact that it had been held from becoming known. Some of those who were present endeavored to keep their identity from becoming known, and when they emerged from the darkened building, pulled their hats down over their eyes and said not a word in response to greetings from a reporter who knew them personally. This was particularly true of Hiram Lloyd.

Evidently it was a gathering of the City Central Committee, and from the secrecy maintained it would appear that the proceedings, when they develop in the convention to-day, will be in the nature of a surprise. It was given out from one source that the caucus decided to ignore Mayor Ziegenhein, and that, as a result, the convention will take the first decisive step to-day in a plan to put Ziegenhein out of control in the final election.

Another informant declared that the committee had split on this proposition.

Certainly it is, however, that a number were present who are conducting a quiet campaign against Ziegenhein.

City Collector Charles F. Wencker, who is an aspirant for the Republican nomination for Mayor next spring, was there.

Councilman Charles E. Carroll, who is also antagonist to the Mayor; Tom L. Niedringhaus, treasurer of the City Central Committee and an official of the stamping company; Hiram Lloyd, Recorder of Deeds; William H. Hahn, Samuel Myer, W. W. Tully, clerk of the House of Delegates; John B. Owen, Edward H. Harnman, Patrick Clark, Louis P. Aloo and Theodore L. Kalkhoff, chairman of the Republican City Central Committee, also were in the caucus.

All, or nearly all, of those are members of the City Central Committee, which gives weight to the belief that it was, in fact, a meeting of the body.

The caucus extended from 9 p. m. until 2 a. m. A watchman was stationed on the doorstep in front of the office, with orders to admit no one. The curtains were drawn and the lights turned low in the outer office.

Ballfall was in conference with the Mayor last night, and it was reported that they were together for some time behind closed doors in the Mayor's inner office.

SHOT BY HIS FATHER-IN-LAW.

Once Brilliant Minister Killed While Choking His Wife.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 5.—Millard Fillmore Bryden was shot through the heart early this morning and instantly killed by Thomas Workman, his father-in-law, at his home in this city. Bryden had been drinking, and had his wife on her knees and was choking her to death.

When a boy Bryden developed religious fervor that led him to the ministry. In 1881 Bryden engaged in an ecclesiastical newspaper controversy with Bishop Kain, now Archbishop of St. Louis, with such credit that he was congratulated by the Bishops of the Methodist Church.

Suddenly Bryden declared that all he had preached was hypocrisy, and that he never believed a word of it. He then tried to